❖MEMORANDUM**❖**

To: Chapter 13 Practioners

Fr: Judge Marilyn Shea-Stonum

Date: October 4, 2004

Re: Hearings on Objections to Claims

When a debtor files an objection to the treatment of a claim, other than a claim held by the United States, the Court will not schedule a hearing and will consider a proposed order sustaining the objection on a default basis provided that no response is filed and the objection complies with the following requirements.

- 1. The objection sets forth a detailed explanation of why it is being filed;¹
- 2. The objection sets forth a specific request of how debtor would like the challenged claim to be treated in debtor's bankruptcy;²
- 3. The objection sets forth specific factual allegations (including supporting documentation, if applicable)³ evidencing that the requested treatment of the challenged claim is appropriate;
- 4. The objection cites to all relevant statutory and case law to support the requested treatment of the challenged claim;
- 5. The objection contains a notice pursuant to § 102 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "§ 102 Notice") indicating that a hearing can be requested within 30 days of the date of service of the objection;⁴

For instance, a mere indication by debtor the he/she "objects to the claim as filed" will not suffice.

 $^{^2}$ E.g., debtor requests that the challenged claim be disallowed in its entirety or debtor requests that the challenged claim be bifurcated and treated as a secured claim in the amount of $_{--}$ and an unsecured claim in the amount of $_{--}$.

³ Local Bankruptcy Rule 9013-2.

See footnote 5.

- 6. The § 102 Notice complies with the requirements of FED. R. BANKR. P. 3007;⁵ and
- 7. The objection contains a statement in substantially the same form as the following which identifies the address(es) at which the claimant was served:

or

Counsel for debtor represents to the Court that claimant was served at the following address(es): _______, pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(g)(1)(A)⁶ [and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7004(i) or 7004(j), if applicable]⁷

Counsel for debtor represents to the Court that claimant was served at the following address(es): _______, pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(g)(2)⁸ [and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7004(i) or 7004(j), if applicable].

If the Court, in its sole discretion, determines that the above requirements have not been met or if a response to the objection is filed then a hearing will be scheduled at which counsel *shall* appear. If the objection deals with a claim held by the United States, an evidentiary hearing, at which counsel *shall appear*, will be held pursuant to FED. R. BANKR. P. 7055(e).

That rules sets forth, in part, that "[a] copy of the objection with notice of the hearing thereon shall be mailed or otherwise delivered to the claimant . . . and the trustee at least 30 days prior to the hearing." FED. R. BANKR. P. 3007 (emphasis added).

That rule provides that, if a proof of claim has been filed, a notice shall be sent to the claimant at the address designated in that proof of claim.

Rules 7004(i) and 7004(j) set forth how service is to be made upon the United States and foreign, state and local governments.

That rule provides that, if a creditor has not filed a request designating a mailing address, then notices should be served at the address listed for that creditor on the list of creditors or schedule of liabilities, whichever is the later filed document.